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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/573,282	03/23/2006	Mikihiko Nishitani	504781100	9433
	7590 12/28/2007 MED I I P (Matsushita)		EXAMINER	
SNELL & WILMER L.L.P. (Matsushita) 600 ANTON BOULEVARD			MACCHIAROLO, PETER J	
SUITE 1400	E 1400 A MESA, CA 92626		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
COSTA MESIA, CA 72020			. 2879	
		•	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/573,282	NISHITANI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Peter J. Macchiarolo	2879			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appreciation appreciation for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		,			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 C</u>	October 2007.				
,_	,—				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 49	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•	,			
4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.	·			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the sheet of the shee	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in Applicat ority documents have been received in Applicat (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)		•			
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          Paper No(s)/Mail Date     </li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

The reply filed on 10/09/2007 points out that the properly filed preliminary amendment filed 03/23/2006 was not acted on in the Previous Office Action. The Examiner agrees and an official action follows below.

#### **Priority**

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 03/23/2006 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement has been considered by the examiner. The Examiner notes the initialed PTO-1449 has been sent in the previous office action.

### Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The following title is suggested: PDP PROTECTIVE LAYER COMPOSITION.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, and 6, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Applicant cited Kimura (JP 2001332175: "Kimura").

Regarding claims 1-3, and 6, Kimura discloses at least in figure 1, a plasma display panel in which a protective layer (MgO layer 15) covers a dielectric layer (14) covering electrodes (12,13) in discharge cells (not labeled) and faces a discharge space filled with a discharge gas (Xe), wherein the discharge gas includes at least one selected from the group consisting of Xe and Kr, and in the protective layer (15), an electron band including at least electrons having energy level of 4 eV or less below a vacuum level is formed within a forbidden band in energy bands (see at least the abstract).

The Examiner notes that chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, (in this case, Kimura discloses the protection layer mainly comprises MgO and is made with the same method and materials, including an oxygen deficit) the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. See MPEP 2112.01 and *In re Spada*, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658(Fed. Cir. 1990).

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Claims 1-4, 6 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by previously cited Nakahara (USPN 6242864: "Nakahara").

Regarding claims 1-4, 6, and 13 Nakahara discloses at least in figure 4, a plasma display panel in which a protective layer (18) covers a dielectric layer (17) covering electrodes (X,Y) in discharge cells (30) and faces a discharge space filled with a discharge gas (Xe), wherein the discharge gas includes at least one selected from the group consisting of Xe and Kr, and in the protective layer (18), an electron band including at least electrons having energy level of 4 eV or less below a vacuum level is formed within a forbidden band in energy bands.

The Examiner notes that chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, (in this case, Nakahara discloses in at least col. 5, Il. 11-17 and col. 10, Il. 37-64 the protection layer mainly comprises MgO with silicon impurities and is made with the same method and materials, including an oxygen deficit) the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. See MPEP 2112.01 and *In re Spada*, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658(Fed. Cir. 1990).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kimura in view of Applicant cited Akiyama et al (JP 2003 272533: "Akiyama").

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Regarding claim 5, Kimura is silent to including Ge or Sn being added to the MgO.

However, Akiyama teaches at least in the abstract that adding Ge or Sn reduces the starting voltage of the overall display.

Therefore, in view of the above discussion, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the device of Kimura and adding Ge or Sn to reduce the starting voltage of the overall display.

Regarding claim 14, Kimura discloses in at least paragraph 5 that the MgO includes an oxygen deficit.

Claims 7-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakahara in view of previously cited Kajiwara (USPN 6833086; "Kajiwara").

Regarding claims 7-10 and 12 Nakahara discloses at least in figure 4, a plasma display panel in which a protective layer (18) covers a dielectric layer (17) covering electrodes (X,Y) in discharge cells (30) and faces a discharge space filled with a discharge gas (Xe), and in the protective layer (18), an electron band including at least electrons having energy level of 5 eV or less below a vacuum level is formed within a forbidden band in energy bands.

The Examiner notes that chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, (in this case, Nakahara discloses in at least col. 5, Il. 11-17 the protection layer mainly comprises MgO with silicon impurities and is made with the same method and materials, including an oxygen deficit) the

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properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. See MPEP 2112.01 and In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658(Fed. Cir. 1990).

Nakahara is silent to the discharge gas including at least Kr.

However, Kajiwara teaches that including Kr in such a plasma display lowers starting voltage.

Therefore, in view of the above discussion, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the device of Nakahara and including Kr discharge gas to lower the starting voltage.

Claims 7-9 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kimura in view of Kajiwara.

Regarding claims 7-9 and 12 Kimura discloses at least in figure 1, a plasma display panel in which a protective layer (15) covers a dielectric layer (14) covering electrodes (12,13) in discharge cells (not labeled) and faces a discharge space filled with a discharge gas (Xe), and in the protective layer (15), an electron band including at least electrons having energy level of 4 eV or less below a vacuum level is formed within a forbidden band in energy bands.

The Examiner notes that chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, (in this case, Kimura discloses the protection layer mainly comprises MgO and is made with the same method and materials, including an oxygen deficit) the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. See MPEP 2112.01 and *In re Spada*, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658(Fed. Cir. 1990).

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Kimura is silent to the discharge gas including Kr.

However, Kajiwara teaches that including Kr in such a plasma display lowers starting voltage.

Therefore, in view of the above discussion, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the device of Kimura and including Kr discharge gas to lower the starting voltage.

Claims 11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kimura in view of Kajiwara in further view of Akiyama.

Regarding claim 11, Kimura and Kajiwara are silent to including Ge or Sn being added to the MgO.

However, Akiyama teaches at least in the abstract that adding Ge or Sn reduces the starting voltage of the overall display.

Therefore, in view of the above discussion, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the device of Nakahara and Kajiwara and adding Ge or Sn to reduce the starting voltage of the overall display.

Regarding claim 15, Kimura discloses in at least paragraph 5 that the MgO includes an oxygen deficit.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Macchiarolo whose telephone number is (571) 272-2375. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 - 5:00, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimeshkumar Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2475. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Respectfully submitted,

Peter Macchiarolo

Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2879

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